

Knowledge Organiser

Geography: Migration

Key diagrams:



National migration is the movement from one region to another within the same country.



International migration is the movement from one country to another.

Forced migration	When the migrant has no choice in leaving their source country
Permanent migration	When the migrant intends on remaining in the host country
Voluntary migration	When the migrant makes a choice to leave their source country
Temporary migration	When the migrant intends on returning to their source country

Push Factors

- Very few hospitals
- Wars
- Poor transport links
- Natural disasters
- Unhappy life
- Lack of jobs
- Worse living conditions

Pull Factors

- Better jobs
- More entertainment facilities
- Better transport links
- Hope for a better way of life

Maghreb (North Africa)

People living on the edge of Sahara suffer from drought and have to move to cities.



Key words

- national
- international
- migration
- migrant
- immigration
- immigrant
- emigrate
- refugee
- asylum
- persecution
- climate change
- diaspora

Key facts:

- 67,000 NHS workers are from Europe
- In 2019, there were approximately 272 million migrants across the world with Europe and Asia each hosting 82 million people.
- The vast majority of people choose to migrate nationally. In 2009, approximately 740 million people migrated nationally.
- The UK reached a new height of 8.9 million people in 2018.
- The Earth has warmed up by **one** degree.